# THE ROLE OF SERVICES IN THE STRUCTURE OF PRODUCTION AND TRADE: STYLIZED FACTS FROM A CROSS-COUNTRY ANALYSIS

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## **ABSTRACT**

The Role of Services in the Structure of Production and Trade: Stylized Facts from a Cross-Country Analysis\*

We examine the role of services in the structure of production and trade. Working with a cross-country sample of 17 social accounting matrices, we develop stylized facts relating upstream and downstream service linkages to incomes and the input-output structure of production. Expansion of services is related to expansion of private sector intermediate services, and to increased demand in manufacturing for service inputs. This growth in demand is more closely related to changes in the structure of production rather than to outsourcing or splintering processes. The embodied service component of exports is also strongly linked to the level of development.

JEL Classification: F14, O11, O57

Keywords: services and development, trade in services, production and

services

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## NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

Services dominate the economic landscape of the post-industrial OECD economies, typically accounting for between 60% and 70% of employment and a comparable share of GDP. Growth of the service sector is also an important aspect of economic development and is strongly associated with income growth and economic modernization. Explanations for the importance of services in modern economies, relative both to low-income countries and to historic patterns within OECD countries themselves, have emphasized demand-side factors. Yet, while emphasis in the literature has been placed on final expenditure patterns and prices, some of the most striking aspects of service sector growth relate instead to the relationship of services to the production structure of economies, and particularly the relationship of the service sector to manufacturing. For example, the cross-country pattern of employment and GDP shares for producer services is strongly correlated with income levels. The share of producer services in total intermediate demand by manufacturing firms is also linked to income levels.

In this paper we explore the role of services in the structure of production and trade. In an effort to better understand the basic structural changes that relate to service sector growth and trade in services, our main objective is to develop a set of empirically-based stylized facts. We also examine the extent to which growth in intermediate services is simply related to splintering of otherwise unchanged activities, and the extent to which it represents a fundamental change in the organization of production. Working with a cross-country sample of 17 social accounting matrices, we explore upstream and downstream service linkages and their relationship to changes in income levels and the input-output structure of production.

What emerges is a set of stylized facts that closely match the historical experience of the OECD countries:

- Income levels are positively associated with employment shares for intermediate services and with the share of indirect labour in total manufacturing employment.
- II. The share of value added originating in services, including both private services and trade, transport and communications services, is also positively linked to the level of development.

- III. Income levels are strongly linked to intermediate demand for producer services, particularly in manufacturing.
- IV. While changes in the allocation of non-production activities between manufacturing and service firms may explain a small share of service sector growth, the basic story seems instead to be one of fundamental changes in the structure of production.
- V. The importance of services for export performance depends on the level of development. As we move from the middle-income to upper-income range of our sample, private services and trade, transport and communications services have become the most important sectoral elements of exports via inter-industry linkages.

The last result relates to the economic structure of the OECD economies. While their exports are concentrated in manufactures, their economies are concentrated in services. At the same time, however, our results serve as a reminder that, in terms of the intermediate structure of production, services are a major aspect of production, even for exportables. Hence, while Japan's exports in material terms are concentrated in transport equipment and other machinery and equipment, the activity composition of Japanese exports is actually concentrated in services, which are almost 50% more important than transport equipment and machinery and equipment. Similar patterns hold for Canada, the European Union, and the United States. Even for middle-income countries such as Korea, the significance of the service sector for overall exports is much greater than the direct trade balance suggests.

# The Role of Services in the Structure of Production and Trade: Stylized Facts from a Cross-Country Analysis

Abstract: We examine the role of services in the structure of production and trade. Working with a cross-country sample of 17 social accounting matrices, we develop stylized facts relating upstream and downstream service linkages to incomes and the input-output structure of production. Expansion of services is related to expansion of private-sector intermediate services, and to increased demand in manufacturing for service inputs. This growth in demand is more closely related to changes in the structure of production rather than to outsourcing or splintering processes. The embodied service component of exports is also strongly linked to the level of development.

#### I. Introduction

Services dominate the economic landscape of post-industrial OECD economies, typically accounting for between 60 and 70 percent of employment and a comparable share of GDP. Growth of the service sector is also an important aspect of economic development and is strongly associated with income growth and economic modernization. Explanations for the importance of services in modern economies, relative both to low-income countries and to historic patterns within OECD countries themselves, have emphasized demand-side factors. Clark (1940) was the first to note a rising share of services associated with economic growth and attributed this to demand side factors. A related issue emphasized by Clark and later by Kravis, Heston, and Summers (1982) is the correlation between final-expenditure service price and income levels. The theoretical literature on income-price linkages includes Balassa (1964), Samuelson (1964), Bhagwati (1984a, 1985), and Panagariya (1988). Also in this vein, Baumol et al. (1985) relate the pattern of rising service prices to relative productivity differentials.

While emphasis in the literature has been placed on final expenditure patterns and prices, some of the most striking aspects of service sector growth relate instead to the relationship of services to the production structure of economies, particularly the relationship of the service sector to manufacturing. As discussed in the later sections of this paper, the cross-country pattern of employment and GDP shares for producer services is strongly correlated with income levels. The share of producer services in total intermediate demand by manufacturing firms is also linked with income levels. Katouzian (1970) and Greenfield (1966) have argued that we should expect to find that the demand for producer services grows with development. Both Katouzian and Francois (1990) link this expansion to growth in

round-about production and the associated conversion of local markets into national markets. Alternatively, Bhagwati (1984b) has suggested that such producer service growth may simply be related to "splintering," wherein service activities once performed within manufacturing firms are spun off to specialized service providers.

Past empirical evidence on the rise of the service sector was indirectly provided by Chenery and Taylor (1968) through their examination of GNP shares for agriculture and manufacturing. Park (1989), Park and Chan (1989), and Uno (1989) empirically confirmed rising producer service inputs into manufacturing. The decline in manufacturing employment and the shift to service sector employment in the post-war period has been well documented (e.g. Sachs and Schatz, 1994, Francois, 1990, and Dighe, Francois, and Reinert, 1995). Much of this literature, and the related literature on wage trends in the OECD countries, has examined the link between globalization and employment patterns. This includes Lawrence and Krugman (1994), Lawrence and Slaughter (1993), Bhagwati and Dehejia (1993), Wood (1994), and Leamer (1993, 1994).

In this paper, we explore the role of services in the structure of production and trade. In an effort to better inform our understanding of the basic structural changes that relate to service sector growth and trade in services, our basic objective in this paper is to develop a set of empirically-based stylized facts. We also examine the extent to which growth in intermediate services is simply related to splintering of otherwise unchanged activities, and the extent to which it represent a fundamental change in the organization of production. Working with a cross-country sample of 17 social accounting matrices, we explore upstream and downstream service linkages and their relationship to changes in income levels and the input-output structure of production. The analysis provides five results which we interpret as tentative stylized facts for further testing and confirmation or refutation. First, the employment shares of services increase with the level of development, and within manufacturing there is an increase in indirect labour. Second, both value added in private services relative to manufacturing value added and intermediate demand for private services relative to intermediate demand for manufacturing rise with per capita income levels. Third, the relative importance of services is related to expansion of private-sector intermediate services and to increased demand in the manufacturing sector for service inputs. Fourth, while changes in the allocation of non-production activities between manufacturing and service firms may explain a small share of service sector growth, the basic story seems instead to be one of fundamental changes in the structure of production. Finally, the embodied service component of exports is also strongly linked to the level of development, with the exports of the high income countries including the greatest level of embodied services.

# II. Social Accounting Data

We work with national accounting data organized as social accounting matrices (SAMs). The SAMs are supplemented with data on employment from the OECD and ILO and data on purchasing power parity based income levels from the International Comparison Project (ICP) as published in the Penn World Tables (Summers and Heston; 1991, 1994). The SAM structure provides a comprehensive and consistent record of national income accounting relationships between different sectors and regions. They are based on a fundamental, general equilibrium principle of economics, namely that every income (receipt) has a corresponding expenditure (outlay). The SAM is a form of single-entry accounting, where incomes or receipts are shown in the rows of the SAM while expenditures or outlays are shown in the columns. The strength of this framework is that it provides a comprehensive and consistent record of the interrelationships of an economy. For our purposes, it offers the advantage of linking consumption and external trade patterns to the inter-industry structure of intermediate demand. This allows for a fuller analysis than is possible when working with input-output tables.

The basic dataset includes 27-sector SAMs for 17 countries and regions, as detailed in Tables 1 and 2.<sup>2</sup> Each national SAM is a 37 x 37 matrix of national economic activity, and is a combination of the matrix of inter-sectoral expenditures and additional elements for households, government, investment, and trade. The SAMs are drawn from the Global Trade Analysis Project (GTAP) dataset (Gelhar et al., forthcoming), and are benchmarked to 1992 values for production, expenditures, and trade. Often, we will focus on what are termed private services in GTAP. These exclude utilities, construction, trade and transportation, and government. Private services include producer services which are the focus of much of the theoretical literature discussed in Section I.

The basic principles of SAMs, with application to trade policy modelling, are summarized in Reinert and Roland-Holst (forthcoming).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A condordance of SAM sectors to ISIC numbers is provided in the appendix.

# Table 1

Countries and regions	sources of input-output data
Argentina	Secretaria de Planificación (1986), Argentina
Australia	Kenderes and Strzelecki (1992)
Brazil	Secretaria de Planejamento e Coordenacao da Presidencia da Republica Fundacao (1980), Brazil
Canada	Statistics Canada (1987)
China	Department of Balances of National Economy of the of the State Statistical Bureau and Office of the National Input-Output Survey (1987), China
European Union	Ryan (1992)
Indonesia	Central Bureau of Statistics (1989), Indonesia
Japan	MITI (1989), Japan
Korea	Bank of Korea (1988)
Malaysia	Department of Statistics (1988), Malaysia
Mexico	Secretaria de Pramación Y Presepuesto (1985)
	Burfisher et al (1992)
New zealand	Department of Statistics (1991), New Zealand
Philippines	National Economic and Development Authority (1988), Phillipines
Singapore	Department of Statistics (1987), Singapore
Taiwan	Directorate General of Budget, Accounting, and Statistics (1986)
Thailand	Institute for Developing Economies, Tokyo Socio Economic Policy and Forecasting Unit, Chulahlongkorn University Social Research Institute, Thailand (1985)
United States	MITI (1989), Japan

## Table 2 SAM sectors

Grains Non-metallic mineral products

Other crops Primary steel

Livestock Primary non-ferrous metals

Forestry Fabricated metal products

Fisheries Transport equipment

Primary mining Machinery and equipment

Processed food Other manufactures

Textiles Electricity, water, and gas

Clothing Construction

Leather manufactures Trade, transport, and communications

Lumber and wood Private services

products

Pulp, paper, and printing Other services (government)

Petroleum and coal Ownership of dwellings

products

Chemicals

## III. Services and the structure of Production

In this section, we examine the role of services, particularly private services, in the structure of production and the manner in which this role changes with the level of development. We examine the role of services in the structure of production from four points of view: employment, demand for producer services, interindustry linkages, and splintering vs. structure of production.

## Employment

We begin our exploration with employment shares. For our sample of countries and regions, we find that positive changes in the employment share of services (and conversely negative changes in manufacturing employment) are positively related to income levels. Even within manufacturing, there is a shift from direct production labour towards indirect labour. In other words, the rise in services employment is linked to an associated shift toward service activities within the "manufacturing" labour force. As developed further below, this is also related to an increased use (in relative terms) of services as an input by manufacturing firms. This pattern is illustrated in Figures 1 and 2. These figures are based on simple OLS-based analysis of correlation patterns between per-capita income levels measured in ICP dollars (see

Table 3
Service employment and income

	Employment in producer services	Indirect labour share of manufacturing employment
intercept	0.8625077	0.0805625
Std Err of Y Est	2.1045477	0.0955581
R Squared	0.7060449	0.6042142
No. of Observations	14	12
Degrees of Freedom	12	10
per-capita income	0.000561	2.125E-05
Std Err of income Coef.	0.000105	5.440E-06
t-ratio	(5.36867)	(3.90720)

Summers and Heston; 1991, 1994) on the one hand, and either producer service employment shares or the indirect labour share of manufacturing on the other. The OLS results are reported in Table 3.

## Demand for Producer Services

An important feature of service sector growth in the OECD countries has been expansion of the intermediate service sector. We find a similar pattern here, when comparing across income levels. Figures 3 and 4 present the share of private/business services in value added relative to manufacturing, and the share of private/business services in total manufacturing demand, both plotted relative to per-capita income. Underlying OLS results are presented in Table 4. There is a strong correlation, within our sample, between per-capita income levels, rising relative demand for services by the manufacturing sector, and a rising share for intermediate services in total value added. In the case of relative manufacturing demand for services, the most significant changes occur in the income range above \$10,000 per capita.

Table 4
Demand for producer services

	value added relative to manufacturing	share of manufacturing demand for intermediates
Intercept	0.4243674	0.0215807
Std Err of Y Est	0.2273019	0.0313047
R Squared	0.549316	0.4732855
No. of Observations	17	17
Degrees of Freedom	14	15
per-capita income	-3.12E-05	5.244E-06
Std Err of Coef.	4.761E-05	1.428E-06
t-ratio	-0.654743	3.6712979
square of income	3.821E-09	
Std Err of Coef.	2.501E-09	
t-ratio	1.5274888	

#### Intermediate Linkages

We next turn to intermediate linkages. In an earlier cross-country comparison of input-output structures, Park and Chan (1989) found that services exhibit fewer interindustry linkages overall than manufacturing. At the same time, cross-country studies of the structure of demand point to non-homothetic preferences (e.g. Hunter and Markusen 1988 and Kravis, Heston, and Summers 1985). Cornwall and Cornwall (1994) have demonstrated that demand elasticities which are a function of income imply a demand-side shift in preferences from agriculture through manufacturing and into services as incomes rise. On net, we therefore expect a shifting pattern of production, driven both by demand and supply side changes, which will also lead to a consequent shift in the pattern of economy-wide, interindustry linkages. With development, an initial shift from agriculture implies increased density of the intermediate use matrix. This pattern may be reinforced by increased round-about production and the integration of internal markets (Katouzian 1970). With a further shift from manufacturing and into services, economy-wide density should fall again.<sup>3</sup>

To examine production linkages, we begin by denoting a country's  $n \times n$  social accounting matrix by S and a column unit n-vector by e. Then e = e'S is the column-sum vectors of S. If a  $^{\circ}$  over a vector is used to denote the corresponding n-dimensional diagonal matrix, then

 $(1) \qquad A = Sc$ 

represents the column-sum normalized SAM. An element  $A_{ij}$  is the proportion of sector j's expenditure received by sector i. Working with the column-normalized A matrix, we examine correlations between cross-country per capita income levels and the basic density of the intermediate use matrix. Formally, we define the linkage index D as:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> We may also expect density to fall, even within manufacturing, if development is also associated with a process of horizontal integration. We do find some evidence of such a pattern for the manufacturing sector in our data.

(2) 
$$D = \frac{\sum_{j \in \lambda} \sum_{i \in \lambda} A_{ij}}{\sum_{j \in \lambda} \sum_{j \in \Omega} A_{ij}}$$

where  $\lambda$  is the set of industry accounts and  $\omega$  is the set of industry plus value-added accounts. The index D measures the relative density of the column-normalized intermediate use matrix. It reflects the importance of backward linkages between sectors, relative to the total level of production activity.

Table 5 presents the results of simple OLS analysis of the relationship between interindustry density and income levels. Data points and the estimated functional form in Table 5 are plotted in Figure 5. While there is a great deal of variability in the data, we do identify a pattern of rising economy-wide interindustry density through \$12,000 per-capita income, and a falling-off from that point on.

Table 5
Income and SAM density

Intercept	0.4408699
Std Err of Y Est	0.0609652
R Squared	0.1491858
No. of Observations	17
Degrees of Freedom	14
per-capita income	1.638E-05
Std Err of income variable	1.277E-05
t-ratio	1.2825422
square of income	-7.08E-10
Std Err of income square variable	6.709E-10
•	-1.055702

## Splintering vs. the structure of production

We next turn briefly to the factors driving the apparent growth of demand for producer services, particularly with regard to demand from the manufacturing sector. As we noted in the Section I, explanations in the literature have included both (i) real changes related to a basic shift in the structure of production, or alternatively (ii) changes driven instead by the outsourcing of service-type activities by manufacturing firms.

To the extent that the changes can be explained by outsourcing or changes in the location of service production between firms, we should expect the share of indirect labour within manufacturing firms to fall as the share of services in intermediate demand by manufacturing rises. Alternatively, structural change related to income levels will be reflected in the correlation of demand growth with per-capita income levels. Table 6 and Figure 6 present the results of OLS-based analysis of relative movements between manufacturing demand for private services, on the one hand, and both income levels and indirect manufacturing employment levels, on the other.

Table 6
Manufacturing demand for producer services (as a share of total intermediate demand)

•	0.000007	
Intercept	-0.003027	
Std Err of Y Est	0.0241518	
R Squared	0.7611628	
No. of Observations	12	
Degrees of Freedom	9	
Ī		
per-capita income	8.509E-06	
Std Err of income coeff.	2.185E-06	
t-ratío	3.8937628	
indirect labour share	-0.057014	
Std Err of labour share	0.079925	
t-ratio	-0.71334	

The results reported in Table 6 "explain" roughly 76 percent of the variation in intermediate demand for services. The estimated relationship is plotted in Figure 6 for the range of income levels and indirect labour shares covered by our sample. From the figure, it can be seen that, while falling indirect labour shares do "explain" a small rise in intermediate demand, this effect is far outweighed by a much stronger positive relationship between rising income levels and rising intermediate demand for services. This result does not, of course, in any way explain the pattern of changes underlying the positive relationship between producer service growth and income. It does, however, point strongly to real structural change rather than outsourcing as the most promising direction for further research on this data pattern.

## IV. Services and the structure of trade

In this section, we turn to the role of services in the structure of trade. We divide the n accounts of a country's SAM into two groups: m endogenous accounts and k exogenous accounts. Following the standard convention, we define the k exogenous accounts as the government, capital, and rest-of-world accounts (see Robinson, 1989). All remaining accounts, including the consumption account, are endogenous. Define the submatrix of A consisting of the m endogenous accounts as  $A_{mm}$ . The multiplier matrix is given by

(3) 
$$\mathbf{M} = (\mathbf{I}_{m} - \mathbf{A}_{mm})^{-1}$$
.

A representative element of the M matrix,  $M_{ij}$ , gives the direct and indirect effects on sector i income caused by an exogenous unit increase in sector i income.<sup>4</sup>

Following Reinert and Roland-Holst (1994), we derive direct and indirect trade linkages from the individual SAMs based on the M matrix and the trade vectors. Define  $f_i$  as the export final demand for commodity i and f as the column vector of these elements. The coefficient

$$(4) \qquad \varphi_i = f_i / f'e$$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The matrix **M** is not the standard Leontief multiplier matrix, since a number of institutional accounts are endogenous. For a more detailed discussion of this distinction, see Roland-Hoist (1990).

Direct and indirect trade linkages Table 7

**************************************	Argentina	***************************************			Australia				Brazil		***************************************	
	0	Z		1	•	G	۲,	=	ф	G		ī
Grains	0 0 8	0.164	0 001	0.275	0.032	0 044	0 001	0.153	0 001	0 089	0 031	0.274
Other crops	0.103	0.357	0.012	0 286	0 024	0.065	900 0	0 151	0 068	0.208	0 022	0 265
Livestock	0.011	0.238	0 004	0 276	8900	0.131	0 003	0 155	0 004	0 126	0 003	0 254
Forestry	0 005	0.019	1000	0 265	0001	0 004	0 001	0810	0 001	0 022	0 001	0.250
Fisheries	0.038	0 044	0 002	0 266	0.012	6100	0.004	9910	0 005	0.013	0 003	0.237
Primary mining	0 028	0.283	0.024	0 285	0 242	0.322	0 033	0 191	0.084	0 229	0 169	0 375
Processed food	0.301	181	0 039	0 320	0 107	0.283	0 032	0 200	0 176	0 562	0.062	0 328
Textiles	0.012	0.310	0 027	0 321	0.010	0900	0 032	0 175	0.025	0.174	0.011	0 279
Clothing	0.002	0 103	0.016	0 301	0.003	0 027	0 0 18	0 156	800.0	9900	0 003	0.255
Leather manufactures	0.047	0 101	0 008	906 0	0 005	6100	0.014	0 138	0.050	0 086	0 0 1 0	0 267
Lumber manufactures	0 003	0.048	0 008	0 285	0 0 1 0	0.036	0.017	0.176	0 017	0.070	0 005	0 2 0 0
Pulp and paper	6000	0 153	0.029	0.303	0 007	1600	0 034	0.193	0.039	0 140	0.014	0 264
Processed petroleum and coal	0 033	0 342	0 005	0 285	0.012	960 0	0.014	0 209	0 007	0 206	0.015	0 293
Chemicals	0.054	0 582	0 123	0.428	0.055	0 200	0 106	0 263	0 065	0 397	0 126	0 400
Mineral products	0 005	0 047	0 008	0 284	0 004	0.019	0.013	0 177	0.010	0.042	900 0	0 266
Primary steel	0 042	0 153	0.028	0 298	0 022	0900	0.013	0 177	0 109	0314	0100	0 302
Primary non-ferrous metals	1100	0 049	0.011	0 286	0.057	980 0	0 007	0 176	0 041	0 120	0.014	0 295
Fabricated metal products	6000	6600	0.016	0 291	1100	91-0-0	0 026	0 881	0.015	0 084	0100	0 275
Fransport equipment	0 027	0 253	0.133	0450	0 022	0.083	0 130	0.266	0 087	0 207	0.079	0 344
Machinery and equipment	0 041	0 185	0.278	0 527	0.053	0.135	0.271	0.385	0 116	0 309	0 220	0 472
Other manufactures	0 003	0.013	0.035	0 184	9000	0.020	0 036	0 093	0 005	0 100	0.017	0.278
Electricity, water, and gas	0 007	661 0	0.012	0 284	0 004	0.124	0 002	0910	0 005	0600	0.011	0 256
Construction	900 0	0 008	0.012	0 293	0 003	0 023	0 003	0 188	1000	0900	0.011	0 279
Trade, transport, and communication	0 007	0 499	0 174	0 422	0 174	0.739	0 132	0 290	0 062	999 0	0 156	0 397
Private services	0.010	1 227	0 004	0 278	0 033	0.417	0 034	0 195	900 0	0 886	0 004	0 251
Government services	0 0 0 0	0.013	0 004	0 237	0 034	0.213	0 034	0 193	900 0	0 008	0 004	0 236
Dwellings	0.000	0.00	0.001	0.267	0.000	0.204	0.001	0.146	0.000	0.137	0.001	0.264
Dwellings	0.000	400.0	0.001	0.50	0.000	0.203	0.001	0,130	0.000	- [	۷, ۱.3 /	3

 $\varphi$  . Share in total export demand  $\Omega$  . Weighted average, direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

 $\gamma$  . Share of import expenditures  $\mu$  . Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand

Table 7 -- continued Direct and indirect trade linkages

	Canada				China				European union	n union		
	ф	а	γ.	=	ф	G	٨	1	ф	а	٠,	ı,
Grains	0 036	0.045	0 001	0 135	0.011	0 304	0 030	0.181	0 011	0.034	0 002	0.168
Other crops	0.010	0 040	0.018	0 125	0.022	0 252	0.011	0 146	0 0 1 0	0.053	0 028	0.188
Livestock	0 010	0.050	0 003	0 125	0.014	0.215	0.010	0 [5]	0 003	0 0 0	0 007	0.175
Forestry	0 002	0 031	0 002	0 122	0 001	0 023	0 005	0 137	0 001	0 007	0 002	0.161
Fisheries	0.012	9100	0 004	9110	0.012	0.045	0.003	0 139	0 003	0.014	0 000	0 148
Primary mining	0.101	0.187	0 045	0   54	0.038	6110	0.034	0 191	0 024	0 195	0.120	0 304
Processed food	0.034	0.176	0 038	0.155	0.039	0 334	0.024	0 177	0 063	0 295	9600	0.203
Textiles	0.008	0 037	0 021	0 114	0.073	0 377	0.104	0 277	0 039	0 094	0 0 19	0 177
Clothing	0.004	0 033	0.015	0110	0.157	1610	0 007	0 207	0 0 00	0.055	0 036	0 164
Leather manufactures	0.002	0100	0 0 1 1	0 0 0	0 111	0 148	0 0 19	0 174	0 0 1 6	0 034	0.017	0.154
Lumber manufactures	0.056	0.084	0.00	0 128	0.015	0 037	0.012	0 172	0.014	0.050	0.022	0810
Pulp and paper	0.082	0.161	0 03 1	0 146	900 0	8900	0.025	0 182	0 0 0 0 0	0 103	0 032	0 195
Processed petroleum and coal	0.015	<i>1</i> 90 0	0 000	0 149	0.008	0.054	0.015	9910	0 003	0 119	0.012	0 193
Chemicals	0.061	0.155	1600	0 194	0.051	0314	0.131	0 300	0 118	0 309	0 064	0.240
Mineral products	900.0	0.018	0.014	0 115	0.016	0.046	900.0	0 180	0.016	0 047	0.007	0.179
Primary steel	0.020	0.051	0.018	0 121	0.013	0.078	0.051	0.213	0.029	0 039	0.015	0.175
Primary non-ferrous metals	0.037	0.055	0.013	0 120	0 007	0 037	0.023	0 161	0.012	0 024	0 0 0 0 0	0.165
Fabricated metal products	0.016	0.046	0 0 0 2 9	0 129	0.023	6 0 0	0.015	0610	0 024	9200	9100	0.202
Transport equipment	0.221	0.367	0 211	0 3 6 0	0.043	0 074	0 111	0 239	0 107	0 177	9900	0.243
Machinery and equipment	0.137	0 22 1	0 311	0 399	0 167	0 382	0.309	0 503	0.274	0 397	0.213	0 384
Other manufactures	0.009	0 041	0 030	0 116	0 127	0 159	0 024	0 197	0 026	0 041	0 035	0 162
Electricity, water, and gas	0 052	0 119	0 008	0 111	0 001	0.053	0.032	0 165	0.012	0 081	0 001	0.185
Construction	0 001	0.034	1000	0 137	0.001	0000	0.001	0 194	100 0	0 036	0 002	0 174
Trade, transport, and communication	890 0	0.570	690 0	0 191	0.056	0.338	0 011	0 161	0 173	0.577	0 140	0 296
Private services	900 0	0.439	1000	0 136	0.001	0 147	0.001	0 145	0 003	0 539	0 046	0 191
Government services	900 0	0900	000	0 13	0 001	0.053	0 001	0 172	0 003	0.059	0.046	0 197
Dwellings	0.000	0.178	0,001	0.101	0.000	0.037	0.001	0.152	0.000	0.128	0.001	0.128

Share in total export demand
 Weighted average, direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand γ Share of import expenditures μ Total direct and to "..."

Table 7 -- continued Direct and indirect trade linkages

Direct and indirect trade inikages	ges											
may maganana manahaka a anda ayayayaya pamapamana ya ayaya aya mahamba maha para a a ana a aya a a a a a a a a	Indonesia	Opposition of the same of the			Japan	and the state of t		and and ordered to the second	Korea			
	•	ď	γ	ᅲ	ф	Ü	λ.	н	ф	Ω	7	'n
Grains	000	0 117	0 017	0110	1000	0 041	0.014	0.217	0 001	9/00	0.018	===0
Other crops	0.058	0 249	0.030	0 121	0.001	0.034	0 022	0 236	900 0	0.115	0 018	0 112
Livestock	0.003	0 044	0 002	0 104	0 001	0 026	0 007	0 287	0 001	0 041	9100	0.130
Forestry	0 001	0 047	0.001	0.099	0 001	0 008	0 011	0216	0.001	0.014	0 008	0 089
Fisheries	0 031	0900	0 001	8600	0 003	0 025	0 033	0 223	0.013	0.030	9000	6110
Primary mining	0317	0.393	0.046	0.134	0 003	0.072	0 1 7 0	0 303	0 002	0 113	0 144	0.211
Processed food	0 044	0 303	0 033	0 144	0 005	0.254	1900	0 312	0.012	0.261	0.028	0 142
Textiles	0.072	0 288	0.046	0 189	0 022	0 062	0 0 15	0.270	0 087	0.230	0 031	0 166
Clothing	0.060	0.063	0.001	0 167	0 002	0.042	0.032	0 273	0.052	0.073	0 003	0 148
Leather manufactures	0.045	0.054	0 012	0.127	0 002	0 012	0.016	0.213	0 074	0110	600.0	0.139
Lumber manufactures	0 128	0 144	0.003	0.121	0 002	0 020	0 025	0 260	0 004	0 018	0.00	0 112
Pule and paper	0 011	0 027	0 021	0 103	0 008	0 106	0.011	0 269	0 007	0 067	8100	0 135
Processed petroleum and coal	0 032	0.106	0 037	0 137	0 003	0.056	0.020	0.272	0 0 1 4	0 002	0 024	6/10
Chemicats	0.050	0.172	0 120	0 220	0.059	0.279	0.059	0 317	9900	0319	0 087	0 227
Mineral products	0 000	0.014	0.008	0 126	0.010	0 037	900.0	0.274	0.007	0.039	0.012	0 147
Primary steel	0.010	0.017	0.053	0 109	0.038	0 115	0.016	0 280	0.050	0 200	0.047	0 206
Primary non-ferrous metals	0.014	0 0 0 0 0	0.016	9600	0 007	0 056	0.026	0 271	900 0	0.038	0.023	0 126
Fabricated metal products	0 00 0	0.017	0.027	0119	0.017	0 071	6000	0 264	0 022	0.049	0.015	0.154
Transport equipment	0.014	0 045	0 082	0.177	0 226	0.265	0 039	0 298	0 098	0 130	0 040	0 230
Machinery and equipment	0.034	0.074	0 336	0.380	0 428	0 587	0 108	0.368	0 240	0.413	0 299	0 469
Other manufactures	0.018	0 024	1100	0 113	0.059	0 078	0 022	0 267	0.055	0 067	0.017	0 143
Electricity, water, and gas	100 0	0.030	0 001	0 141	0 002	0 122	0 001	0 239	0 003	0 068	0 007	0 125
Construction	0 004	0.023	0 00 1	0.134	0 006	0.038	0.00	0.262	0900	0800	0.018	691 0
Trade transport, and communication	0.049	0.426	0 105	0 202	0 108	0 757	0 286	0 512	0.115	0 362	0110	0.215
Private services	0 001	0 205	0.001	0.113	00.0	0.751	0.001	0 229	600 0	0.293	0 003	0 118
Government services	000	0.031	0.001	0 093	00.0	9010	0 00 1	0.215	600 0	0.084	0 003	0 132
Dwellings	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.087	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.198	0.000	0.049	0.001	0,101
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O												

φ Sharo in total export demand Ω Weighted average, direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

γ Share of import expenditures γ Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand

Direct and indirect trade linkages Table 7 -- continued

ining food food anufactures anufactures aper petroleum and coal oducis eel on-ferrous metals metal products quipment and equipment and equipment ufactures on isport, and gas on isport, and communication vices nt services		Malaysia				Mexico				New Zealand	ealand		
0 0001         0 0525         0 0133         0 123         0 001         0 056         0 018         0 001         0 002         0 075         0 013         0 123         0 001         0 019         0 001         0 019         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 075         0 013         0 104         0 019         0 019         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 010         0 019         0 002         0 002         0 010         0 019         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002		\$	c;	٨	Ħ	<b>-</b>	G	۲.	<b>=</b>	ф	a	Y	1
0 0029         0 075         0 013         0 126         0 028         0 106         0 109         0 103         0 0020         0 001         0 0020         0 0020         0 001         0 0020         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002	Grains	0 001	0 052	0.013	0 123	0 001	0.056	0.015	0 188	0.001	0.012	0 004	0.173
0 0006         0 031         0 003         0 141         0 007         0 097         0 007         0 186         0 034         0 034         0 003           0 044         0 064         0 001         0 122         0 001         0 015         0 016         0 034         0 004         0 001           0 0 06         0 034         0 004         0 143         0 018         0 143         0 043         0 048         0 049         0 000           0 0 05         0 165         0 018         0 143         0 043         0 178         0 045         0 048         0 049         0 049         0 040           0 0 074         0 033         0 040         0 112         0 045         0 049         0 014         0 056         0 040         0 041         0 049         0 041         0 041         0 040         0 041	Other crops	0.029	0 075	0.013	0 126	0 028	9010	0.019	0.193	0.027	0.050	0100	0.185
0 041         0 064         0 001         0 113         0 001         0 118         0 001         0 18         0 001         0 004         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 004	Livestock	900 0	0 031	0 003	0 148	0 007	0 097	0 007	0.198	0.087	0 282	0 003	0.207
0 0006         0 034         0 0104         0 104         0 104         0 104         0 104         0 104         0 104         0 104         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 105         0 020         <	Forestry	0 041	0 064	0.001	0 122	0 001	0.013	0.001	0.186	0 024	0.044	0 001	0.179
0 105         0 165         0 018         0 143         0 153         0 217         0 010         0 196         0 020         0 000 <th< td=""><td>Fisheries</td><td>900 0</td><td>0 034</td><td>0.004</td><td>0.107</td><td>9000</td><td>0.016</td><td>0 00 1</td><td>0.207</td><td>0.045</td><td>0900</td><td>0 005</td><td>0.248</td></th<>	Fisheries	900 0	0 034	0.004	0.107	9000	0.016	0 00 1	0.207	0.045	0900	0 005	0.248
0 076         0 237         0 043         0 178         0 020         0 358         0 055         0 273         0 493         0 039           0 014         0 056         0 040         0 114         0 011         0 065         0 020         0 001         0 006         0 003           0 024         0 033         0 004         0 112         0 017         0 005         0 009         0 006         0 006         0 006         0 006         0 006         0 006         0 007         0 008         0 003         0 006         0 009         0 006         0 006         0 006         0 007         0 008         0 009         0 006         0 007         0 008         0 009         0 018         0 006         0 007         0 009         0 009         0 008         0 006         0 007         0 009         0 009         0 006         0 007         0 007         0 009         0 006         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 008         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007         0 007 </td <td>Primary mining</td> <td>0 105</td> <td>0 165</td> <td>0.018</td> <td>0.143</td> <td>0.153</td> <td>0.217</td> <td>0.010</td> <td>0.196</td> <td>0.020</td> <td>0.081</td> <td>0.047</td> <td>0.184</td>	Primary mining	0 105	0 165	0.018	0.143	0.153	0.217	0.010	0.196	0.020	0.081	0.047	0.184
0 014         0 056         0 040         0 104         0 013         0 065         0 022         0 202         0 202         0 011         0 065         0 035         0 035         0 004         0 112         0 017         0 056         0 017         0 005         0 004         0 016         0 005         0 006         0 005         0 006 <th< td=""><td>Processed food</td><td>0 076</td><td>0.237</td><td>0.043</td><td>0.178</td><td>0.00</td><td>0 358</td><td>0.055</td><td>0.252</td><td>0 273</td><td>0.493</td><td>0 039</td><td>0 244</td></th<>	Processed food	0 076	0.237	0.043	0.178	0.00	0 358	0.055	0.252	0 273	0.493	0 039	0 244
0.024         0.033         0.004         0.112         0.017         0.056         0.017         0.197         0.006         0.036         0.016         0.019         0.197         0.006         0.036         0.019         0.197         0.006         0.036         0.019         0.199         0.014         0.028         0.007           0.065         0.077         0.003         0.136         0.020         0.049         0.019         0.185         0.004         0.019         0.020         0.019         0.018         0.025         0.007         0.019         0.014         0.029         0.007         0.019         0.004         0.011         0.007         0.019         0.004         0.012         0.007         0.019         0.004         0.012         0.007         0.019         0.004         0.012         0.007         0.019         0.004         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.011         0.021         0.023         0.048         0.026         0.013         0.011         0.041         0.018         0.018         0.019         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.0	Textiles	0.014	0 056	0.040	0.104	0.013	0 065	0 022	0.202	0.011	0900	0.035	0.171
0 005         0 008         0 003         0 002         0 008         0 199         0 1199         0 014         0 028         0 009           0 062         0 077         0 003         0 136         0 020         0 049         0 019         0 185         0 025         0 067         0 007           0 066         0 073         0 021         0 123         0 005         0 049         0 019         0 185         0 025         0 067         0 007           0 010         0 073         0 012         0 142         0 010         0 045         0 009         0 089         0 269         0 088         0 169         0 011         0 169         0 011         0 169         0 012         0 102         0 011         0 169         0 012         0 014         0 031         0 021         0 013         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011         0 011	Clothing	0 024	0 033	0.004	0.112	0 017	0.056	0 0 1 7	0.197	900 0	0.036	9100	0.155
0 062         0 077         0 003         0 136         0 020         0 049         0 019         0 185         0 025         0 067         0 007           0 006         0 039         0 021         0 123         0 005         0 057         0 019         0 185         0 041         0 169         0 007           0 010         0 073         0 021         0 142         0 019         0 089         0 263         0 048         0 195           0 006         0 141         0 081         0 179         0 045         0 209         0 889         0 263         0 048         0 125           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 129         0 011         0 039         0 048         0 125         0 041         0 018           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 102         0 019         0 014         0 199         0 019         0 019         0 011         0 018         0 011	Leather manufactures	0 005	0 008	0.003	0 072	0 008	0.035	0 008	0.199	0 014	0 028	6000	0.170
0 0006         0 039         0 021         0 123         0 005         0 057         0 197         0 109         0 037           0 010         0 073         0 043         0 043         0 043         0 190         0 006         0 088         0 012           0 036         0 141         0 081         0 179         0 045         0 209         0 263         0 048         0 152         0 115           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 179         0 016         0 038         0 048         0 196         0 048         0 016         0 011           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 019         0 016         0 011         0 182         0 003         0 019         0 011           0 008         0 025         0 021         0 014         0 031         0 011         0 182         0 013         0 013         0 013           0 008         0 025         0 023         0 102         0 117         0 178         0 129         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 014         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 014         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013 <td< td=""><td>Lumber manufactures</td><td>0 062</td><td>0 077</td><td>0 003</td><td>0.136</td><td>0.00</td><td>0.049</td><td>0 0 19</td><td>0.185</td><td>0 025</td><td>290 0</td><td>0 007</td><td>0.205</td></td<>	Lumber manufactures	0 062	0 077	0 003	0.136	0.00	0.049	0 0 19	0.185	0 025	290 0	0 007	0.205
0 010         0 073         0 037         0 142         0 010         0 051         0 006         0 006         0 088         0 012           0 036         0 141         0 081         0 179         0 045         0 209         0 688         0 263         0 048         0 012         0 115           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 129         0 041         0 038         0 195         0 041         0 115           0 008         0 023         0 021         0 091         0 014         0 031         0 019         0 011         0 011         0 018         0 011	Pulp and paper	900 0	0 039	0.021	0 123	0 005	0.057	0 027	0.197	0.041	6910	0 037	0.224
0 036         0 141         0 081         0 179         0 045         0 209         0 089         0 263         0 048         0 212         0 115           0 006         0 013         0 012         0 119         0 038         0 049         0 195         0 003         0 030         0 010           0 006         0 013         0 021         0 098         0 016         0 051         0 016         0 020         0 020         0 016         0 019         0 011         0 061         0 011           0 008         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 102         0 017         0 18         0 019         0 011         0 062         0 013           0 024         0 78         0 79         0 159         0 117         0 178         0 129         0 190         0 011         0 062         0 013           0 036         0 445         0 598         0 273         0 144         0 336         0 130         0 130         0 130         0 130           0 059         0 082         0 031         0 247         0 024         0 042         0 038         0 130         0 112         0 103           0 001         0 038         0 039         0 148         0 023         0 168 </td <td>Processed petroleum and coal</td> <td>0100</td> <td>0 073</td> <td>0.037</td> <td>0.142</td> <td>0 0 0 1 0</td> <td>0.051</td> <td>0.014</td> <td>0.190</td> <td>900 0</td> <td>0.088</td> <td>0.012</td> <td>0.195</td>	Processed petroleum and coal	0100	0 073	0.037	0.142	0 0 0 1 0	0.051	0.014	0.190	900 0	0.088	0.012	0.195
0 006         0 013         0 012         0 129         0 011         0 038         0 098         0 195         0 003         0 001           0 006         0 032         0 051         0 091         0 016         0 051         0 049         0 016         0 051         0 016         0 051         0 016         0 016         0 020         0 016         0 011         0 018         0 019         0 0	Chemicals	0 036	0.141	0 081	0 179	0.045	0.209	0 089	0.263	0.048	0.212	0 115	0 268
0 006         0 032         0 051         0 051         0 030         0 016         0 051         0 051         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 018         0 019         0 019         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 013         0 014         0 018         0 019         0 019         0 017         0 178         0 129         0 281         0 003         0 023         0 013         0 023         0 177         0 178         0 129         0 281         0 003         0 023         0 012         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 003 <th< td=""><td>Mineral products</td><td>900 0</td><td>0.013</td><td>0.012</td><td>0.129</td><td>0.011</td><td>0 038</td><td>0 008</td><td>0.195</td><td>0.003</td><td>0 030</td><td>0.011</td><td>0 187</td></th<>	Mineral products	900 0	0.013	0.012	0.129	0.011	0 038	0 008	0.195	0.003	0 030	0.011	0 187
0 008         0 026         0 021         0 091         0 014         0 031         0 011         0 182         0 031         0 062         0 013           0 008         0 023         0 023         0 102         0 017         0 048         0 029         0 199         0 117         0 178         0 029         0 023         0 017         0 009         0 029         0 129         0 129         0 281         0 008         0 023         0 127         0 129         0 281         0 008         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 127         0 024         0 023         0 128         0 023         0 023         0 023         0 024         0 023         0 128         0 023         0 123         0 123         0 0	Primary steel	900 0	0 032	0.051	0 098	9100	0.051	0 030	0 200	0.016	0.041	0.018	0 168
0 0008         0 023         0 023         0 102         0 017         0 048         0 029         0 199         0 011         0 063         0 023           0 024         0 078         0 079         0 159         0 117         0 178         0 129         0 109         0 001         0 002         0 127           0 056         0 586         0 445         0 598         0 173         0 044         0 038         0 039         0 109         0 109         0 102         0 120           0 001         0 003         0 031         0 244         0 042         0 042         0 033         0 168         0 012         0 002         0 100         0 003         0 100         0 002         0 1148         0 012         0 003         0 100         0 002         0 1148         0 012         0 003         0 109         0 100         0 003         0 112         0 002         0 112         0 002           0 001         0 013         0 003         0 120         0 003         0 109         0 129         0 136         0 003         0 112         0 003           0 01         0 011         0 114         0 114         0 116         0 144         0 0043         0 129         0 134         0 136	Primary non-ferrous metals	0 008	0 026	0 02 1	0 001	0.014	0.031	0.03	0 182	0.031	0.062	0.013	0.179
0 024         0 078         0 079         0 159         0 117         0 178         0 129         0 281         0 008         0 082         0 127           0 366         0 586         0 445         0 598         0 273         0 344         0 336         0 444         0 038         0 139         0 210           0 059         0 082         0 031         0 247         0 024         0 042         0 023         0 168         0 139         0 210           0 001         0 013         0 002         0 148         0 012         0 046         0 009         0 190         0 003         0 112         0 003           0 001         0 011         0 013         0 003         0 120         0 009         0 112         0 003         0 112         0 003           0 001         0 011         0 149         0 168         0 162         0 836         0 120         0 239         0 115         0 140         0 014           0 001         0 011         0 149         0 016         0 836         0 120         0 239         0 140         0 016         0 046         0 049         0 140         0 046         0 040         0 140         0 046         0 040         0 040         0 040	Fabricated metal products	8000	0.023	0.023	0 102	0 017	0 048	0.029	0 199	0.011	6 063	0 023	0 195
0 366         0 586         0 445         0 598         0 273         0 344         0 336         0 444         0 038         0 139         0 210           0 059         0 082         0 031         0 247         0 024         0 042         0 023         0 168         0 007         0 027         0 029           0 001         0 038         0 002         0 148         0 012         0 046         0 009         0 190         0 007         0 112         0 029           0 001         0 013         0 003         0 223         0 003         0 003         0 112         0 003           0 111         0 325         0 039         0 168         0 162         0 836         0 120         0 239         0 135         0 003           0 001         0 011         0 177         0 166         0 367         0 003         0 137         0 690         0 149           0 001         0 014         0 011         0 149         0 166         0 80         0 003         0 192         0 646         0 200           0 000         0 040         0 004         0 001         0 117         0 400         0 001         0 149         0 040           0 000         0 040         0 001 <td>Transport equipment</td> <td>0 024</td> <td>0 078</td> <td>0.079</td> <td>0 159</td> <td>0 117</td> <td>0 178</td> <td>0 129</td> <td>0 281</td> <td>0.008</td> <td>0.082</td> <td>0 127</td> <td>0 223</td>	Transport equipment	0 024	0 078	0.079	0 159	0 117	0 178	0 129	0 281	0.008	0.082	0 127	0 223
0 059         0 082         0 031         0 247         0 024         0 042         0 023         0 168         0 007         0 027         0 029           0 001         0 038         0 002         0 148         0 012         0 046         0 009         0 190         0 002         0 112         0 002           ation         0 111         0 123         0 003         0 163         0 120         0 049         0 190         0 043         0 112         0 002           0 001         0 111         0 123         0 003         0 163         0 120         0 239         0 135         0 015           0 001         0 0087         0 011         0 177         0 016         0 836         0 103         0 194         0 169         0 159           0 001         0 014         0 011         0 149         0 016         0 80         0 003         0 194         0 169         0 040           0 000         0 040         0 001         0 117         0 040         0 001         0 178         0 000         0 192         0 040	Machinery and equipment	0 366	0.586	0 445	0 598	0 273	0 344	0 336	0 444	0.038	0 139	0.210	0 321
0 001         0.038         0 002         0 148         0 012         0 046         0 009         0 190         0 002         0 112         0 002           ation         0 011         0 013         0 003         0 003         0 003         0 019         0 043         0 115         0 003           ation         0 111         0 325         0 039         0 168         0 162         0 836         0 120         0 239         0 137         0 609         0 115         0 043         0 156         0 003           0 001         0 011         0 117         0 117         0 116         0 184         0 184         0 189         0 169         0 189         0 040         0 0159           0 001         0 014         0 011         0 149         0 016         0 003         0 194         0 044         0 049         0 049           0 000         0 040         0 001         0 117         0 040         0 040         0 040         0 040         0 040         0 040	Other manufactures	0 0 0 6 9	0.082	0 031	0 247	0.024	0.042	0 023	0 168	0 007	0.027	0.029	0 106
ation 0 111 0 325 0 003 0 223 0 003 0 003 0 009 0 218 0 043 0 156 0 003 0 000 0 111 0 325 0 039 0 168 0 162 0 836 0 120 0 239 0 137 0 690 0 159 0 100 0 001 0 011 0 117 0 100 0 0 0 0 0	Efectricity, water, and gas	0 001	0.038	0 003	0 148	0 012	0.046	6000	0 190	0 002	0.112	0.002	0.179
ation         0 111         0 325         0 039         0 168         0 162         0 836         0 120         0 299         0 137         0 690         0 .159           0 001         0 087         0 011         0 177         0 016         0 367         0 003         0 194         0 045         0 567         0 040           0 0 01         0 014         0 011         0 149         0 016         0 080         0 003         0 192         0 046         0 220         0 040           0 000         0 040         0 001         0 117         0 000         0 001         0 .192         0 040         0 001	Construction	0 001	0.013	0 003	0 223	0 003	0.003	6000	0.218	0 043	0.156	0 003	0.218
0 001         0.087         0 011         0 177         0 016         0 367         0 003         0 194         0 045         0 567         0 040         0           0 001         0 014         0 011         0 149         0 016         0 080         0 003         0 192         0 046         0 220         0 040         0           0 000         0 040         0 001         0 117         0 000         0 001         0 117         0 000         0 001         0 192         0 000         0 192         0 001	Trade, transport, and communication	0 111	0 325	0 039	0 168	0.162	0 836	0.120	0 299	0 137	0690	0.159	0.351
0 001 0 014 0 011 0 149 0 016 0 080 0 003 0 192 0 046 0 220 0 040 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Private services	0 001	0.087	0 011	0 177	0.016	0 367	0.003	0.194	0 045	0 567	0.040	0.235
0.000 0.040 0.040 0.001 0.117 0.000 0.001 0.001 0.178 0.000 0.192 0.001 0.001	Government services	0.00	0.014	0.011	0 149	0.016	0.080	0 003	0.192	0 046	0.220	0.040	0.220
	Dwellings	0.000	0.040	0,001	0.117	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.178	0.000	0.192	0.00	0.192

 $\varphi$  . Share in total export demand  $\Omega$  . Weighted average direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

 $\gamma$  . Share of import expenditures  $\mu$  . Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand

Table 7 -- continued Direct and indirect export linkages

Direct and indirect export linkages	200							-				
	Philippines				Singapore				arwan			***************************************
	ļ	C	٨	71	Ф	а		п	•	G	7	1
		***	- 00	17.0	1000	5000	0000	0000	1000	0.059	0.012	0 140
Grains	0.00	7100	0.021	277	2000	1000	1 1 2 2	0.000	0.00	0.079	9100	0 148
Other crops	0.045	0.050	0.010	0.00	1000	0.010	200	7500	0.003	0.081	0.007	0 178
Livestock	0 002	0.282	0 003	/07 n	1000	0.007	1000	2000	7000	9000	0000	
Forestry	0 00 1	0 044	0 003	0.179	1000	000	0.001	9600	1000	900.0	0.003	
in the state of th	0.028	090.0	0 004	0 248	900 0	0.012	0 007	0 037	0.014	0.047	0 002	248
Dimen minim	0.045	0.081	0.129	0.184	0 005	0.052	0 086	0 0 0 8	0 003	0.052	0.026	0 149
rainery mining	0.04	0.493	0900	0.244	0 032	0 073	0.036	0 091	0 025	0 290	0.033	0 187
Liocessea toon	1100	0900	0.065	0.171	0.015	0.046	0 038	0900	0.085	0 186	0.024	0.210
l extles		9500	0.006	0.155	0.020	0.038	0.016	0 058	0.034	0.064	0.007	0 185
Clouing	9000	0.038	6000	0.170	0 003	0 008	0 007	0 032	0 041	9900	900 0	0.182
Leather manufactures	0200	2000	0.004	0.00	0.010	0.018	0 000	0 0 75	0 028	0.050	0.013	0 156
Lumber mannies	0000	0 169	0.019	0 224	0.011	0.032	0.013	060.0	0100	0 089	0.018	0.174
Purp and paper	1100	0.088	0.019	0 195	0 122	0 173	0 034	0 128	0 003	0 093	0.014	0 148
Processed petrojeuiti and coal	9200	0.000	0 109	0.768	0900	0.139	0 072	0 139	9900	0 365	0 102	0 296
Chemicals	0.007	0.030	0.012	0.187	0 004	0.008	0 0 1	0 054	0 011	0.037	0.012	0 171
Mineral products	9000	0.041	0.046	8910	6000	0.031	0.026	0 095	0.013	0 149	0.050	0 222
Frimary steel	0.000	0.062	0.013	0.179	0000	0.025	0.018	0 043	0 008	0.050	0 029	0 149
Primary non-terrous metals	0.000	0.063	0.017	0 195	0.012	0.032	0 0 18	0 10	0.043	0 091	0 015	0 186
rapricated metal products	0.00	0.00	0.064	0 223	0 024	0 049	0.059	0.109	0 030	9600	0.091	0 227
Marking and animont	0.26	0.139	0.318	0 321	0 423	0 823	0.381	0 705	0350	0 567	0 323	0 559
Machinery and equipment	0.039	0 027	0 013	0.106	0 040	0.084	0 046	0 104	690.0	0.093	0.020	961 0
Cutto triggalactures	1000	0 112	0 001	0 179	0 0 1 1	0.032	0 007	6010	0 003	0 089	0 000	0 159
Cleculary, water, and gas	0 002	0.156	0 002	0.218	0.013	6100	0 007	0.173	0.025	0.053	0.024	0 212
Constitution and communication	0.206	0.690	0 057	0.351	0 152	0 323	0.094	0.213	0 112	0.474	0 148	0.280
Definite committee	0 00 0	0.567	000	0 235	0.015	0.095	0 003	0.152	6000	0.202	0 003	691.0
Community to the contract of t	0.005	0.220	0 001	0 220	0 0 15	0 022	0 003	0 184	6000	0.072	0 003	0 168
Owelling	0.000	0.192	0,001	0.192	0.000	0.005	0.001	0.105	0.000	0.096	0.001	0.143

 $\phi$  . Share in total export damand  $\Omega$  . Weighlied average, direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

 $\gamma$  . Share of import expenditures  $\gamma$  . Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand

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Table 7 -- continued Direct and indirect export linkages

TAPARAN	Bailand				Linita	Initad Centur		
	4				OIIIIC.	u Grates		
	<b>-</b>	7.5	Y	#	Φ-	a	~	ที
Craims	900.0	0 063	0 005	0.000	0 023	0 042	0 001	0.186
Omer crops	0 0 58	0.137	0.018	0.087	0.020	0 049	0.013	0.156
Livestock	0 002	0.059	0 007	0.085	0 00 0	0.048	0 004	0.185
Forestry	0 001	0 023	9000	0 064	0.005	0.016	0 001	5910
Fisheries	0 0 0 0	0.084	0.024	0 085	900 0	0.010	0000	0010
Primary mining	0.032	0010	0.080	0.125	0.017	0 148	0 0 0	0.217
Processed lood	0 140	0 366	0 027	0000	0.042	0.214	0.030	1610
l extiles	0 034	0.189	0.033	0.120	0.013	0.045	0.014	0.170
Clothing	0.079	0 139	1000	0.099	0 0 0 8	0.045	0 039	1910
Leamer manufactures	0 040	0.061	0.008	0 085	0 004	0.015	0.028	0.095
L'amber manufactures	0 0 0 0	0 036	0 013	9200	0.014	0 037	0.021	0 165
ruip and paper	0 003	0 027	0 017	0 077	0 025	0 138	0.021	0.181
Processed petroleum and coal	0.005	8600	0.038	0 118	0.011	0 155	0 0 14	0 194
Cilemicals	0 035	0 162	0 114	0.167	0 0 89	0 194	0 065	0 226
Mineral products	6000	0 024	0.015	0 095	900 0	0.026	0.00	0 165
Primary steel	900 0	0.030	0 078	0.111	0 011	0 063	0.018	0 183
Primary non-terrous metals	0 003	0.013	0 021	0.039	0.011	0 037	0.015	0.171
rabricated metal products	0.011	0.023	0.024	0.082	0.016	0.072	6100	0.179
ransport equipment	0100	0 034	0 100	091.0	0 131	0.210	0 147	0.306
Machinery and equipment	0.217	0 286	0 345	0 411	0 291	0 438	0.279	0.435
Uther manufactures	0.070	0 095	0 021	0.078	0 022	0 043	0.051	0.147
Electricity, water, and gas	0 001	0 051	0.010	0 109	0 021	0.169	0 036	661 0
Construction	0.033	0.043	1000	0 103	0 001	0 038	0 001	0.183
I rade, transport, and communication	0 136	0 512	600 0	0 084	0 155	0 856	0 087	0 234
rivate services	9000	0 160	0.001	0.083	0 033	0 928	0.001	0.149
Covernment services	900.0	0.025	1000	0.070	0 033	0.232	1000	0 141
Lwenngs	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.057	0.000	0.00	0.001	0.133
					***************************************			

Share of import expenditures	Total direct and indirect import effects of exogenous increase in final demand
7	- ≓.
ф Share in total export demand	$\Omega$ . Weighted average direct and indirect effect of increased export demand

gives the share of commodity i in total export demand, and the column vector  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$  contains the full set of these coefficients. This vector represents direct export shares. To account for intermediate linkages, we also define the column vector

(5) 
$$\Omega = M\phi$$

which gives the weighted average direct and indirect effect on sector i of increasing export demand by one dollar, holding its sectoral composition constant. On the import side, we define  $\gamma_i$  as the share of expenditures by endogenous sector j to the rest of the world (import leakages) and  $\gamma$  as the row vector of such expenditure shares. The leakage multiplier is then given by

(6) 
$$\mu = \gamma M$$
.

This row vector gives the total import leakages resulting from the direct and indirect effects of a dollar increase in the exogenous demand for good i.

Table 7 presents the direct and indirect trade linkages. One of the most interesting patterns in the table relates to export linkages. In particular, from the matrix  $\varphi$ , we have a measure of the direct trade pattern. Not surprisingly, trade is concentrated in manufactures, and the importance of high-end manufactures (like machinery and transport equipment) rises with income. However, the picture changes when we introduced the full set of intermediate linkages. In particular, the matrix  $\Omega$  gives the sectoral intensity of the overall export pattern. What stands out is the relative service intensity of exports in the high income countries.

To illustrate this point, Figure 7 plots the pattern of total export intensity against income. The underlying OLS estimates are presented in Table 8. Based on net shares, the exports of the high income countries are concentrated in the upper-end of the manufacturing spectrum. However, on an activity basis, where we account for the full set of economy-wide intermediate linkages, we find that the most important sectors for export performance are the service sectors. In terms of income levels, we find middle income countries (defined as up to \$10,000 per year in per capita income)

Table 8
Direct and indirect private service exports

Full-sample	0.5309738	
ntercept	0.3353899	
Std Err of Y Est	0.0915832	
R Squared	0.0913032	
No. of Observations	14	
Degrees of Freedom	14	
	-4.47E-05	
per-capita income Std Err of income coeff.	7.026E-05	
Fratio	-0.636597	
and in a man squared	3.099E-09	
per-capita income squared Std Err of squared income coeff.	3,691E-09	
	0.8398162	
t-ratio		
Sample excluding Argentina, Brazil	0.2724881	
Intercept	0.3634881	
Std Err of Y Est	0.1892783	
R Squared	0.5101662	
No. of Observations	15	
Degrees of Freedom	12	
per-capita income	-4.71E-05	
Std Err of income coeff.	3.974E-05	
t-ratio	-1.185327	
t*tatio		
per-capita income squared	3.998E-09	
Std Err of squared income coeff.	2.091E-09	
t-ratio	1.911787	

concentrated in exports of manufacturing activities. In Korea, for example, the most important sector for both direct and indirect exports is machinery and equipment. Beyond this point, economies shift in relative terms from exporting manufacturing activities to exporting service activities. Hence, while the net composition of exports is concentrated in tangible exports, the leading cost component of these export is actually service activities in the OECD economies.

## V. Summary

Services are the dominant feature of the post-industrial OECD economies, and growth of the sector is an important feature of economic development. Working with a cross-country sample of social accounting data, we have examined changes in the structure of production and trade, and the overall relationship of services to these patterns. What emerges is a set of stylized facts that match closely the historical experience of the OECD countries. To summarize:

- (i) Income levels are positively associated with employment shares for intermediate services and with the share of indirect labour in total manufacturing employment.
- (ii) The share of value added originating in services, including both private services and trade, transport, and communications services, is also positively linked to the level of development.
- (iii) Income levels are strongly linked to intermediate demand for producer services, particularly in manufacturing.
- (iv) While changes in the allocation of non-production activities between manufacturing and service firms may explain a small share of service sector growth, the basic story seems instead to be one of fundamental changes in the structure of production.
- (v) The importance of services for export performance depends on the level of development. As we move from the middle-income to upper-income range of our sample, private services and trade, transport, and communications services become the most important sectoral elements of exports via interindustry linkages.

The last result relates to the economic structure of the OECD economies. While their exports are concentrated in manufactures, their economies are concentrated in services. At the same time, however, our results serve as a reminder that, in terms of the intermediate structure of production, services are a major aspect of production, even for exportables. Hence, while Japan's exports in material terms are concentrated in transport equipment and other machinery and equipment, the activity composition of Japanese exports is actually concentrated in services, which are almost 50 percent again more important than transport equipment and machinery

and equipment. Similar patterns hold for Canada, the European Union, and the United States. Even for middle-income countries such as Korea, the significance of the service sector for overall exports is much greater than the direct trade balance suggests.

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Figure 1

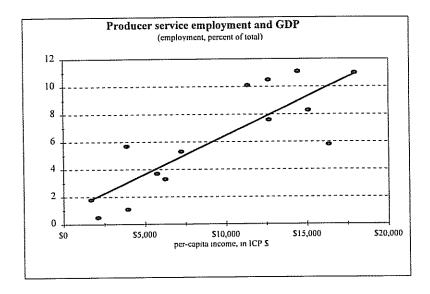


Figure 2

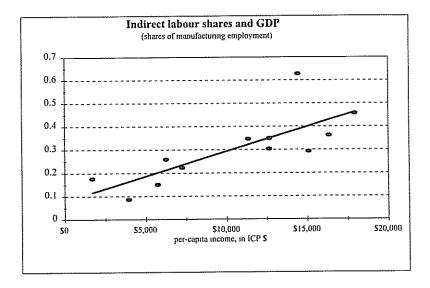


Figure 3

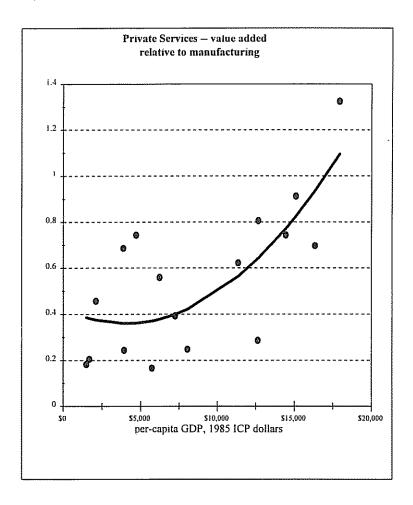


Figure 4

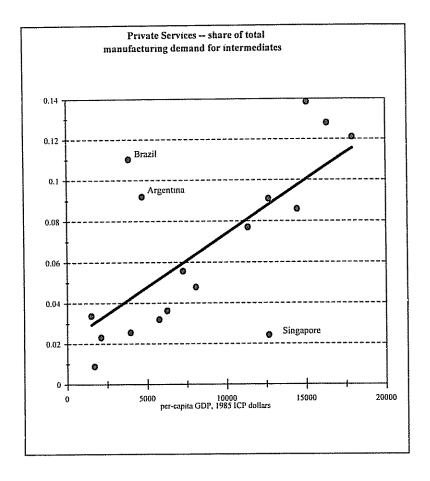


Figure 5

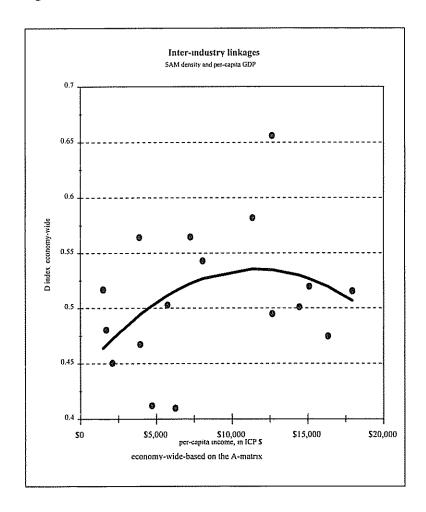


Figure 6

Private services as a share of manufacturing intermediate demand

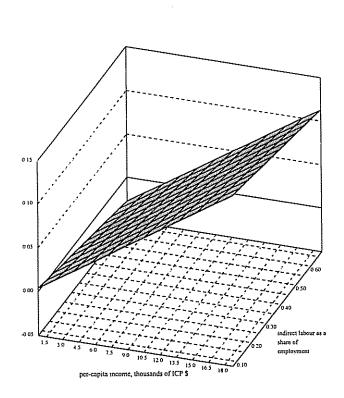
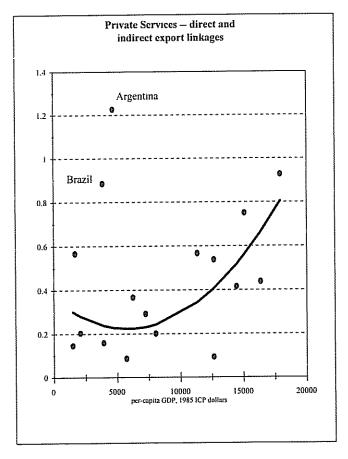


Figure 7



# Appendix Table A-1 Concordance of SAM sectors to ISIC sectors\*

SAM sector	ISIC number and description, (p) = part pertaining to description
Grains	(p) 1110 Agricultural & livestock production (paddy rice only)
	(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing paddy rice production
	only)
	(p) 1110 Agricultural & livestock production (wheat only)
	(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing wheat production only) (p) 1110 Agricultural & livestock production (grains except wheat & rice only)
	<ul> <li>(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing production of grains, except wheat &amp; rice only)</li> </ul>
Other crops	
•	<ul><li>(p) 1110 Agricultural &amp; livestock production (non-grain crops only)</li></ul>
	(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing non-grain crops production only)
	(p) 1110 Agricultural & livestock production (wool only)
	(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing wool production only)
Livestock	
	<ul> <li>(p) 1110 Agricultural &amp; livestock production (other livestock production only)</li> </ul>
	(p) 1120 Agricultural services (servicing other livestock
	production only) 1130 Hunting, trapping & game propagation
	1130 Huittiig, talpping & game propagation
Forestry	
	1210 Forestry
	1220 Logging
Fisheries	
	1301 Ocean and coastal fishing
	1302 Fishing n.e.c.
Primary mining	
, ,	2100 Coal mining
	(p) 3540 Manufacture of miscellaneous products of petroleum
	and coal (briquettes only) (p) 2200 Crude petroleum & natural gas production (oil only)
	(p) 2200 Crude petroleum & natural gas production (gas only) (p) 3530 Petroleum refineries (LPG only)
	2301 Iron ore mining
	2302 Non-ferrous ore mining
	2901 Stone quarrying, clay and pits
	2902 Chemical and fertiliser mineral mining 2903 Salt mining
	2909 Mining and quarrying n.e.c.
	The second secon

#### ISIC number and description, (p) = part pertaining to description

#### Processed Food

- (p) 3116 Grain mill products (processed rice only)
- 3111 Slaughtering, preparing and preserving meat
- 3112 Manufacture of dairy products
- 3113 Canning and preserving of fruits and vegetables
- 3114 Canning, preserving & processing of fish, crustaceans and similar foods
- 3115 Manufacture of vegetable and animal oils & fats
- (p) 3116 Grain mill products (except processed rice)
- 3117 Manufacture of bakery products
- 3118 Sugar factories and refineries
- 3119 Manufacture of cocoa, chocolate & sugar confectionery
- 3121 Manufacture of food products n.e.c.
- 3122 Manufacture of prepared animal feeds
- 3131 Distilling, rectifying & blending spirits
- 3132 Wine industries
- 3133 Malt liquors and malt
- 3134 Soft drinks & carbonated waters industries
- 3140 Tobacco manufactures

#### Textiles

- 3211 Spinning, weaving & finishing textiles
- 3212 Manufacture of made-up textile goods excluding wearing apparel
- 3213 Knitting mills
- 3214 Manufacture of carpets & rugs
- 3215 Cordage, rope & twine industries
- 3219 Manufacture of textiles n.e.c.

#### Clothing

3220 Manufacture of wearing apparel, except footwear

#### Leather

- 3231 Tanneries & leather finishing
- 3232 Fur dressing & dyeing industries
- 3233 Manufacture of products of leather & leather substitutes, except footwear and wearing apparei
- 3240 Manufacture of footwear, except vulcanised or moulded rubber or plastic footwear

#### Lumber and wood products

- 3311 Sawmills, planing & other wood mills
- 3312 Manufacture of wooden & cane containers & small cane
- 3319 Manufacture of wood & cork products n.e.c.
- 3320 Manufacture of furniture & fixtures, except primarily of metal

## ISIC number and description, (p) = part pertaining to description

## Pulp, paper, and printing

- 3411 Manufacture of pulp, paper & paperboard
- 3412 Manufacture of containers & boxes of paper and paperboard
- 3419 Manufacture of pulp, paper & paperboard articles n.e.c.
- 3420 Printing, publishing & allied industries

## Petroleum and coal products

- (p) 3530 Petroleum refineries (except LPG)
- (p) 3540 Manufacture of miscellaneous products of petroleum and coal (except briquettes)

#### Chemicals

- 3511 Manufacture of basic industrial chemicals except fertilisers
- 3512 Manufacture of fertilisers and pesticides
- 3513 Manufacture of synthetic resins, plastic materials and man-made fibres except glass
- 3521 Manufacture of paints, varnishes and lacquers
- 3522 Manufacture of drugs and medicines
- 3523 Manufacture of soap and cleaning preparations, perfumes and cosmetics
- 3529 Manufacture of chemical products n.e.c.
- 3551 Tyre and tube industries
- 3559 Manufacture of rubber products n.e.c.
- 3560 Manufacture of plastic products n.e.c.

## Non-metallic mineral products

- 3610 Manufacture of pottery, china and earthenware
- 3620 Manufacture of glass and glass products
- 3691 Manufacture of structural clay compounds
- 3692 Manufacture of cement, lime and plaster
- 3699 Manufacture of non-metallic mineral products n.e.c.

#### Primary steel

3710 Iron and steel basic industries

#### Primary non-ferrous metals

3720 Non-ferrous metal basic industries

## Fabricated metal products

- 3811 Manufacture of cutlery, hand tools and general hardware
- 3812 Manufacture of furniture and fixtures primarily of metal
- 3813 Manufacture of structural metal products
- 3819 Manufacture of fabricated metal products except machinery & equipment n.e.c.

ISIC number and description, (p) = part pertaining to description

## Transport equipment

3841 Ship building and repairing

3842 Manufacture of railroad equipment

3843 Manufacture of motor vehicles

3844 Manufacture of motorcycles and bicycles

3845 Manufacture of aircraft

3849 Manufacture of transport equipment n.e.c.

#### Machinery and equipment

3821 Manufacture of engines and turbines

3822 Manufacture of agricultural machinery and equipment

3823 Manufacture of metal and wood working machinery

3824 Manufacture of special industrial machinery and equipment except metal and wood working machinery

3825 Manufacture of office, computing and accounting machinery

3829 Machinery and equipment except electrical n.e.c.

3831 Manufacture of electrical industrial machinery and apparatus

3832 Manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus

3833 Manufacture of electrical appliances and housewares

3839 Manufacture of electrical apparatus and supplies n.e.c.

3851 Manufacture of professional and scientific, and measuring and controlling equipment, n.e.c.

3852 Manufacture of photographic and optical goods

3853 Manufacture of watches and clocks

#### Other manufactures

3901 Manufacture of jewellry and related articles

3902 Manufacture of musical instruments

3903 Manufacture of sporting and athletic goods

3909 Manufacturing industries n.e.c.

## Electricity, water, and gas

4101 Electric light and power

4102 Gas manufacture and distribution

4103 Steam and hot water supply

4200 Water works and supply

## Construction

5000 Construction

## Trade, transport, and communication

6100 Wholesale trade

6200 Retail trade

6310 Restaurants, cafes, and other eating and drinking places

## ISIC number and description, (p) = part pertaining to description

- 6320 Hotels, rooming houses, camps and other lodging places
- 7111 Railway transport
- 7112 Urban, suburban and inter-urban highway passenger transport
- 7113 Other passenger land transport
- 7114 Freight transport by road
- 7115 Pipeline transport 7116 Supporting services to land transport
- 7121 Ocean and coastal transport
- 7122 Inland water transport
- 7123 Supporting services to water transport
- 7131 Air transport carriers
- 7132 Supporting services to air transport
- 7191 Services incidental to transport
- 7192 Storage and warehousing
- 7200 Communication

#### Other private services

- 0 Activities not adequately defined
- 8101 Monetary institutions
- 8102 Other financial institutions
- 8103 Financial services
- 8200 Insurance
- 8310 Real estate
- 8321 Legal services
- 8322 Accounting, auditing and bookkeeping services
- 8323 Data processing and tabulating services
- 8324 Engineering, architectural and technical services
- 8325 Advertising services
- 8329 Business services, except machinery and equipment rental and leasing, n.e.c.
- 8330 Machinery and equipment rental and leasing
- 9411 Motion picture production
- 9412 Motion picture distribution and projection
- 9413 Radio and television broadcasting
- 9414 Theatrical producers and entertainment services
- 9415 Authors, music composers and other independent artists n.e.c.
- 9420 Libraries, museums, botanical and zoological gardens, and other cultural services, n.e.c.
- 9490 Amusement and recreational services n.e.c.
- 9511 Repair of footwear and other leather goods
- 9512 Electrical repair shops
- 9513 Repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 9514 Watch, clock and jewellry repair
- 9519 Other repair shops n.e.c.
- 9520 Laundries, laundry services, and cleaning and dyeing plants
- 9530 Domestic services
- 9591 Barber and beauty shops
- 9592 Photographic studios, including commercial photography
- 9599 Personal services n.e.c.

## Other services (government)

9100 Public administration and defence

9200 Sanitary and similar services

9310 Education services

9320 Research and scientific institutes

9331 Medical, dental and other health services

9332 Veterinary services

9340 Welfare institutions

9350 Business, professional and labour associations

9391 Religious organisations

9399 Social and related community services n.e.c.

9600 International and other extra-territorial bodies

## Ownership of dwellings

<sup>\*</sup> This concordance is based on the concordanc from SAM sectors to GTAP/SALTER sectors, and from GTAP/SALTER sectors to ISIC sectors, on the basis of a concordance provided to the GTAP consortium by the Australian Industry Commission.